

Annual Report

For the year ended 30 June 2025 Raiz Invest Australia Fund, ARSN 607 533 022



Contents

| Contents | |
|--|----|
| Directors' Report | |
| Auditor's Independence Declaration | |
| Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income | |
| Statement of Financial Position | 10 |
| Statement of Changes in Equity | 1 |
| Statement of Cash Flows | 12 |
| Notes to the Financial Statements | 13 |
| Directors' Declaration | 24 |
| Independent Auditor's Report | 21 |



Directors' Report

The Directors of Instreet Investment Limited, (the "Responsible Entity"), the Responsible Entity of Raiz Invest Australia Fund ("the Scheme") present their report together with the financial report of the Scheme, for the year ended 30 June 2025 and the auditors' report thereon.

Directors

The names of the Directors of Instreet Investment Limited, who were in office at any time during or since the end of the period, are as follows:

| Mr Brendan Barry Malone | Managing Director |
|-------------------------|--|
| Ms Farhaana Desai | Director and Company Secretary (appointed on 2 September 2025) |
| Mr Weiwei Gao | Director (appointed on 2 September 2025) |
| Ms Kelly Humphreys | Director (resigned on 2 September 2025) |
| Mr Jon Brett | Director (appointed 26 November 2024 and resigned on 2 September 2025) |
| Mr Paul Rogan | Director (appointed 13 January 2025 and resigned on 2 September 2025) |
| Mr Robert Hines | Director (resigned 26 November 2024) |

Information on current Directors

| Director | Special Responsibilities | Experience |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Mr Brendan Barry Malone | Managing Director | Brendan Malone is the Managing Director and Group CEO of Raiz Invest Limited and brings a depth of experience in the financial services industry to the role. Brendan's areas of expertise include strategic leadership, investment banking, client relations, compliance and operations. Brendan has led large-scale teams and delivered transformational outcomes through mergers and acquisitions and restructuring initiatives in complex regulatory environments. |
| | | Brendan has previously held senior executive roles at The Royal Bank of Scotland and ABN AMRO with global experience in London, Hong Kong and Singapore. Brendan holds a Bachelor of Commerce majoring in Accounting and Finance, CIMA and MAICD. |



| Director | Special Responsibilities | Experience |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Ms Farhaana Desai | Director and Company Secretary | Farhaana Desai is an accomplished governance professional with over 16 years of extensive experience in the financial services sector, including investment management, superannuation, and banking. She specialises in designing and implementing risk and compliance frameworks that align with regulatory requirements and business objectives. She is the Chief Risk Officer and Company Secretary at Raiz Invest Limited. She holds degrees in Law and Business (Accountancy), as well as a Graduate Diploma in Applied Corporate Governance. Known for her collaborative leadership and strong stakeholder engagement, she collaborates effectively with regulators and senior executives to deliver practical and outcomes-focused governance solutions. |
| Mr Weiwei (Alex) Gao | Director | Alex Gao has over 15 years of experience in investment, fund management, and superannuation, with expertise spanning accounting, finance, compliance, and operations. He joined Raiz Group in 2012 and has played a pivotal role in establishing the company's financial and operational foundations, as well as supporting governance, compliance, and product development. He is currently the Chief Financial Officer of Raiz and a Responsible Manager under the company's Australian Financial Services Licence. Alex is a member of CPA Australia and holds a Master of Commerce (Accounting and Finance) from the University of Sydney. |



The offices of the Responsible Entity are located at Level 9, 2 Bulletin Place, Sydney, NSW 2000.

Principal Activities

Raiz Invest Limited (Raiz), listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) on 22 June 2018, wholly owns Instreet Investment Limited (Instreet) and Raiz Invest Australia Limited. Raiz Invest Australia Limited acts as the promoter and provides administration services to manage the investments of the Scheme. Instreet serves as the Responsible Entity of the Scheme and holds the Australian Financial Services Licence (AFSL) for the Raiz Group of companies.

Each member of the Scheme retains a beneficial interest in, and absolute entitlement to, the assets of their portfolio. As the assets of each portfolio are separately maintained and identified, it follows that investors have no interest in the assets as a whole. Great care should therefore be taken in the interpretation of the financial report enclosed herewith, which consolidates the individual holdings, essentially to meet the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. There has been no change in the principal activity for this period.

Scheme Information

The Raiz Invest Australia Fund was established on 20 August 2015 through the execution of its Constitution and registration with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC). These financial statements present comparative information as at 30 June 2024.

Raiz Invest Australia Limited promotes the Scheme via an investing platform that offers an easy way to regularly invest either small or large amounts of money using the App on your mobile phone or the Website. The minimum investment amount is \$5.00. Investments are held beneficially on behalf of account holders (subject to any fractional interests, which are pooled). Upon application, each investor is issued one interest, represented by a single Raiz Investment Account.

Funds in a Raiz Investment Account are invested across a mix of exchange-traded funds (ETFs), Bitcoin, Property Funds and selected ASX-listed stocks in line with one of nine Portfolios chosen by the investor (Selected Portfolio). Investors choose the Portfolio best suited to their own goals and financial circumstances. Raiz promotes and interacts with investors using a software application developed by Raiz. The value of a Raiz Investment Account will fluctuate in line with movements in the market value of the underlying assets comprising the investor's chosen Portfolio, which may include ETFs, Bitcoin, Property Funds, and selected ASX-listed securities.

Scheme Assets

As at 30 June 2025, Raiz Invest Australia Fund held assets to a total value of \$1,857,723,295 (30 June 2024: \$1,417,127,147). The basis for valuation of the assets is outlined in Note 2 to the Financial Statements.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There were no material changes to the investment strategy or to the terms and conditions of existing mandates during the year.

Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

On 1 August 2025, Raiz announced the launch of Raiz Lite along with a revised fee schedule. The first fees under the new structure will be charged on 1 September 2025. Further details are provided in the <u>ASX announcement dated 1 August 2025</u>.

On 2 September 2025, Kelly Humphreys, Jon Brett and Paul Rogan resigned as directors of the Responsible Entity. On the same date, Farhaana Desai and Alex Gao were appointed as directors.

No other significant events have arisen since the end of the reporting period that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of Raiz Invest Australia Fund, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of Raiz Invest Australia Fund in subsequent financial years.



Likely Developments and Expected Results of Operations

There are no developments that are likely to significantly affect the operation of the Scheme.

Environmental Regulation and Performance

The operations of the Scheme are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth of a State or Territory. There have been no known significant breaches of any other environmental requirements applicable to the Scheme.

Indemnification and Insurance of Directors, Officers and Auditors

The Responsible Entity has indemnified directors and officers of the company, including members of the Compliance Committee, for a period up to seven years after they cease to be an officer, for any actions that may arise as a result of acting in their capacity as directors and officers of the company in respect of:

- a) Liability to third parties when acting in good faith; and
- b) Costs and expenses of defending legal proceedings and ancillary matters.

During the financial year, the Responsible Entity paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the directors and executives of the company against a liability to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium. No insurance premiums are paid out of the Scheme's assets in relation to insurance cover for the Responsible Entity, its officers and employees and the compliance committee.

The Scheme has not indemnified the auditor of the Scheme.

Rounding of amounts

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors Reports) Instrument 2016/191, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial report. Amounts in this report have been rounded off in accordance with that Instrument to the nearest dollar, unless otherwise stated.

Independence

A copy of the Auditor's Independence declaration as required under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 8.



Proceedings on behalf of the Scheme

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Scheme, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Scheme is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Scheme for all or part of those proceedings.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Instreet Investment Limited, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Brendan Barry Malone

Managing Director

Sydney

26 September 2025





Parkline Place Level 25, 252 Pitt Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY JESHAN VELUPILLAI TO THE DIRECTORS OF INSTREET INVESTMENT LIMITED

As lead auditor of Raiz Invest Australia Fund for the year ended 30 June 2025, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- 1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- 2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Jeshan Velupillai

Director

Jeshan Velupillai

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

Sydney

26 September 2025



Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2025

| | Note | 2025 | 2024 |
|---|----------|---------------|---------------|
| Income | | \$ | \$ |
| Net realised and unrealised gain on financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading | | 163,094,339 | 110,926,263 |
| Net realised and unrealised gain on inventory remeasured at fair value through profit or loss - Bitcoin | | 10,151,295 | 9,492,558 |
| Dividend and distribution income | _ | 55,488,478 | 38,248,011 |
| Total income | _ | 228,734,112 | 158,666,832 |
| Expenses | | | |
| Charity donations | | 58,766 | 64,344 |
| Fees paid to Raiz Invest Australia Limited | 10 | 5,060,730 | 4,123,042 |
| Total expenses | | 5,119,496 | 4,187,386 |
| Profit attributable to members | <u> </u> | 223,614,616 | 154,479,446 |
| (Increase) in net assets attributable to members | _ | (223,614,616) | (154,479,446) |
| Profit for the year | | - | |
| Other comprehensive income attributable to members Total comprehensive income for year | _ _ | - | |

This statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.



Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2025

| | Note | 2025 \$ | 2024 \$ |
|--|------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| Assets | | · | |
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 4 | 14,202,873 | 8,466,606 |
| Receivables | 5 | 22,841,332 | 12,347,552 |
| Inventory measured at fair value through profit or loss -Bitcoin | 6 | 20,276,565 | 12,205,021 |
| Financial assets held at fair value though profit or loss | 7 | 1,800,402,525 | 1,384,107,968 |
| Total current assets | _ | 1,857,723,295 | 1,417,127,147 |
| | _ | | _ |
| Total assets | _ | 1,857,723,295 | 1,417,127,147 |
| | | | |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 8 | 508,846 | 425,126 |
| Total current liabilities | _ | 508,846 | 425,126 |
| | _ | | |
| Total liabilities | _ | 508,846 | 425,126 |
| | _ | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Net assets attributable to members | 9 | 1,857,214,449 | 1,416,702,021 |
| | _ | • • • | |

This statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.



Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2025

In accordance with AASB 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation' 'net assets attributable to members' is classified as a liability rather than equity and hence no statement of changes in equity is presented.

Changes in net assets attributable to members are disclosed in Note 9.

This statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.



Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2025

| | Note | 2025 | 2024 |
|--|------|---------------|---------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | \$ | \$ |
| Dividends and distributions received | | 44,994,698 | 38,557,296 |
| Fees and other expenses paid | | (5,035,776) | (4,121,733) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 11 | 39,958,922 | 34,435,563 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| Financial assets acquired | 9 | (405,693,395) | (259,621,029) |
| Inventory acquired – Bitcoin | 9 | (2,135,973) | (949,088) |
| Proceeds from sale of financial assets | 9 | 151,434,507 | 109,013,496 |
| Proceeds from sale of Inventory - Bitcoin | 9 | 4,215,723 | 9,498,605 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | _ | (252,179,138) | (142,058,016) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Net proceeds from applications by members | | 217,956,483 | 108,738,581 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | _ | 217,956,483 | 108,738,581 |
| | | | |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held | | 5,736,267 | 1,116,128 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | | 8,466,606 | 7,350,478 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | 4 | 14,202,873 | 8,466,606 |

This statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the financial statements.



Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2025

1. Corporate Information

The financial report of Raiz Invest Australia Fund for the period ended 30 June 2025 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of the Responsible Entity on 26 September 2025. The report is presented in Australian dollars. The Directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial report if required. Raiz Invest Australia Fund (ARSN 607 533 022) is a registered scheme under the Corporations Act 2001, registered on 20 August 2015. The Scheme is a for profit entity. Instreet Investment Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Scheme, is incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The registered office of the Responsible Entity is located at Level 9, 2 Bulletin Place, Sydney NSW 2000.

2. Material Accounting Policy Information

The Scheme is non-unitised and operates as a number of separate individual bare trusts.

(a) Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities. These financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB').

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for, where applicable, the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Scheme's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 12.



2. Material Accounting Policy Information (continued)

(b) Financial Instruments

Classification, recognition and measurement

Financial Assets held at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets are measured at fair value. The fair values of quoted investments are based on current last traded prices.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are held for trading, where they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the short-term with an intention of making a profit. Fair value movements are recognised in profit or loss.

Investments are classified as fair value through profit or loss and are valued at market value, based on the last available sale price on the Australian Stock Exchange, on approved foreign exchange or on other exchange, in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution, unless otherwise stated.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments are held at fair value through profit or loss and are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Financial assets are recognised on trade date, which is the date that the entity commits itself to purchase or sell an asset.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flow from the investments have expired or the Scheme has transferred substantially all risk and rewards of ownership.

(c) Inventory - Bitcoin

Classification, recognition and measurement

Inventory is initially measured at cost and subsequently remeasured at fair value through profit or loss. The fair value of Bitcoin is based on a quoted price in United States dollars from a primary source being the Gemini Exchange and translated to Australian Dollars at the Bloomberg end of day exchange rate. The Responsible Entity considers this fair value to be a Level 1 input under the AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement fair value hierarchy as the price is the quoted price (unadjusted) in an active market for identical assets.

For the purpose of these accounts, Bitcoin is treated as Inventory as it is held for sale in the ordinary course of business. The Scheme has adopted the commodity broker-trader guidance per AASB 102 Inventories as it actively trades Bitcoin, purchasing with a view to resale in the near future and generating a profit from fluctuations in the price or traders' margin for members.

Subsequent to initial recognition, Bitcoin is measured at fair value through profit or loss, with changes in their fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Bitcoin transactions are recognised on trade date, which is the date that the entity commits itself to purchase or sell the asset.



2. Material Accounting Policy Information (continued)

(d) Investment Income

Dividend and distribution income from investments in financial assets is recognised as income on the Ex-dividend date applicable to each investment.

Income due and receivable at balance date is carried as a receivable. The net gains/losses do not include interest or dividend and distribution income.

The Scheme does not pay distributions. The issuers of the underlying ETFs, Listed Stocks or Property Funds which comprise the Portfolios may pay distributions from time to time. All distributions received by the Scheme in respect of an ETF, Listed Stock or Property Fund Unit (or fraction of an ETF, Listed Stock or Property Fund Unit) are automatically re-invested.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash in the statement of financial position comprises cash at bank. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(f) Amounts Receivable on Settlement of Investments, Dividend and Distribution Income

All unsettled sales are recognised as amount receivables and they are due for settlement within 2 days.

All dividend and distribution receivables are due for settlement 5 business days after payment date.

(g) Payables

All unsettled purchases are due for settlement within 2 days.

Payables are carried at cost and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Scheme prior to the end of the financial year. Payables include outstanding settlements on the purchase of investments. Payables are normally settled within 30 days.

(h) Taxation

The Scheme is not a taxable entity. Each investor in the Scheme is the beneficial owner of investments within their portfolio and has responsibility for any taxable income relating to that portfolio as well as being entitled to any imputation or other credits applicable to investments held.

(i) Applications and withdrawals by Portfolio Holders

Applications/withdrawals by Portfolio Holders represent the aggregation of cash entering/exiting the Scheme.



2. Material Accounting Policy Information (continued)

(j) Goods & Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

(k) Expense Recognition

Responsible Entity's Fee

The Responsible Entity has charged asset management fees in accordance with the Constitution. The asset management fee is zero for accounts less than \$20,000 (\$26,000 from 1 August 2025). An asset management fee of 0.275% p.a. on accounts greater than \$20,000 (\$26,000 from 1 August 2025) and is based on the average monthly value of investments. For the Sapphire and Property Portfolios this threshold is zero dollars, and for the Plus Portfolio this threshold is \$25,000 (\$28,000 from 1 August 2025).

Custodian's Fees

The Custodian Fees are not paid by the Scheme. The Custodian Fees are paid for by Raiz Invest Australia Limited.

Audit and Compliance Fees

Audit and compliance fees are not paid by the Scheme. The Audit and Compliance Fees are paid for by Raiz Invest Australia Limited.

Other reimbursable expenses

The Responsible Entity and Custodian are entitled, under the Constitution, to be reimbursed for certain expenses properly incurred in the running of the scheme. The basis on which the expenses are reimbursable is defined in the Constitution. All expenses are recognised in the profit or loss on an accrual basis.



- 2. Material Accounting Policy Information (continued)
- (I) Derivative financial instruments

Raiz Invest Australia Fund may not invest in financial derivatives.

(m) New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Scheme has adopted all new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that are mandatory for the current reporting period. No standards or interpretations that apply to the current period had a material impact on the financial statements.

(n) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the Scheme for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2025. The Scheme's assessment of the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations, most relevant to the Scheme, are set out below.

AASB 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

This standard is applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027 and early adoption is permitted. The standard replaces IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements', with many of the original disclosure requirements retained and there will be no impact on the recognition and measurement of items in the financial statements. But the standard will affect presentation and disclosure in the financial statements, including introducing five categories in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations. The standard introduces two mandatory sub-totals in the statement: 'Operating profit' and 'Profit before financing and income taxes'. There are also new disclosure requirements for 'management-defined performance measures', such as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation ('EBITDA') or 'adjusted profit'. The standard provides enhanced guidance on grouping of information (aggregation and disaggregation), including whether to present this information in the primary financial statements or in the notes. The Scheme will adopt this standard from 1 July 2027 and it is expected that there will be a significant change to the layout of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.



3. Segment Information

The Scheme operates in one industry segment and one geographical segment being the provision of funds management services in Australia.

| 4. | Cash and Cash Equivalents | 2025 | 2024 |
|----|---|---------------------------|--------------------|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| | Cash at bank | 14,202,873 | 8,466,606 |
| | | 14,202,873 | 8,466,606 |
| 5. | Receivables | 2025 | 2024 |
| | | \$ | \$ |
| | Dividends receivable | 22,841,332 | 12,347,552 |
| | | 22,841,332 | 12,347,552 |
| | Receivables do not contain any financial assets which are past du conditions and are not considered to be impaired. | e their normal trading te | erms and |
| 6. | Inventory Held at Fair Value through Profit or Loss | 2025 | 2024 |
| | Bitcoin | \$ | \$ |
| | Bitcoin quoted on the Gemini Exchange | 20,276,565 | 12,205,021 |
| | | 20,276,565 | 12,205,021 |
| 7 | Financial Assata Hald at Fair Value through Drofit on Loss | 2025 | 2024 |
| 7. | Financial Assets Held at Fair Value through Profit or Loss Equities – Held for Trading | 2025 \$ | 2024 \$ |
| | ETFs quoted & Stocks listed on the ASX | ب 1,770,804,720 | 1,356,627,539 |
| | Raiz Property Fund (RPF) | 8,817,457 | 7,102,678 |
| | Raiz Residential Property Fund (RRPF) | 20,780,348 | 20,377,751 |
| | () | 1,800,402,525 | 1,384,107,968 |
| | | | |
| 8. | Trade and other payables | 2025 | 2024 |
| | | \$ | \$ |
| | Trade and other payables | 508,846 | 425,126 |
| | | 508,846 | 425,126 |
| 9. | Net Assets Attributable to Portfolio Holders | 30 June 2025 \$ | 30 June 2024 \$ |
| | Opening balance | 1,416,702,021 | 1,150,681,737 |
| | Applications – ETF & Stock | 398,784,524 | 251,671,803 |
| | Applications - Bitcoin | 2,135,973 | 949,088 |
| | Applications - RPF | 4,139,093 | 4,143,170 |
| | Applications - RRPF | 2,769,778 | 3,806,056 |
| | Redemptions – ETF & Stock | (145,635,173) | (106,153,777) |
| | Redemptions - Bitcoin | (4,215,723) | (9,498,605) |
| | Redemptions - RPF | (2,660,143) | (662,707) |
| | Redemptions - RRPF | (3,139,191) | (2,197,012) |
| | Increase in net assets attributable to portfolio holders | 188,333,290 | 123,962,268 |
| | Closing balance | 1,857,214,449 | 1,416,702,021 |
| | | | |



10. Related Party Information

Responsible Entity

Instreet Investment Limited has been the Responsible Entity of the Scheme since 20 August 2015.

| Responsible Entity's remuneration | 2025 | 2024 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Responsible Entity fees | \$ - | \$ - |
| Related Party | 2025 | 2024 |
| Fees paid/payable to Raiz Invest Australia Limited | ب 5,060,730 | ب 4,123,042 |

Key Management Personnel (KMP)

The Scheme does not employ personnel in its own right. However, it is required to have an incorporated Responsible Entity to manage its activities and the Directors of this entity are considered the KMP. The directors of the Responsible Entity Instreet Investment Limited are key management personnel of the responsible entity.

No compensation is paid directly by the Scheme to any of the key management personnel of the Responsible Entity.

11. Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities to Net Operating Profit/(Loss)

| | 2025 \$ | 2024 \$ |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Profit for the year | 223,614,616 | 154,479,446 |
| Adjustments for | | |
| Unrealised (gains) | (173,245,634) | (120,418,821) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | | |
| Increase in payables | 83,720 | 65,653 |
| (Increase)/decrease in dividends receivable | (10,493,780) | 309,285 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 39,958,922 | 34,435,563 |



12. Financial Risk Management

a. Financial Risk Management Policies

The Scheme's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Scheme's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss, receivables, payables, and financial liabilities. The Scheme's risk management framework focuses on ensuring compliance with the Scheme's Product Disclosure Statement ("PDS") and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Scheme is exposed. Financial risk management is carried out by the management team of the Responsible Entity under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity (the Board). This involves monitoring the external investment managers to ensure compliance with the Scheme's PDS.

The Scheme uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate and other price risks, and ratings analysis for credit risk.

i. Market Risk

(a) Price Risk

The Scheme is exposed to equity securities price risk to the extent of all equity type assets held on the statement of financial position. The risk includes loss of some or all capital, the assets may provide less income in the future or they may provide none. The risk arises from investments held by the Scheme and classified on the statement of financial position at fair value through profit and loss. This risk is mitigated by compliance with the Scheme's PDS and risk management techniques including diversification across sectors, tracking error analysis and adherence to mandate rules across the various portfolios. However, the managers do not intend to reduce or eliminate market risk through the use of futures contracts or short selling. The Scheme is not exposed to commodity price risk. The impact mainly arises from the reasonably possible change in the fair value of ETFs, ASX-listed stocks, Property Funds and Bitcoin, and the fact that concentration of investments is in the Australian equities market.

(b) Foreign currency risk

The Scheme is exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies because some of the Financial Assets and Inventory of the Scheme are exposed to foreign currency risk.

(c) Cash flow and fair value Interest Rate Risk

The Scheme's exposure to fair value interest rate risk arises because of exposure to financial instruments at fixed rates. The majority of mandates invest in equities and have low or nil exposure to fixed interest securities.

The Scheme's exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arises from its exposure to financial instruments at variable rates which in the case of the Scheme is simply cash or cash equivalents and the level of cash in each individual mandate is determined by the investment manager and varies from a minimum of 2 percent to a maximum of 100 percent for cash mandate.

Compliance with the mandate models is checked weekly and reported to the compliance manager monthly. Therefore, the Scheme's exposure to cash flow and fair value interest rate risk is low. The risk is demonstrated using sensitivity analysis in Note 12 (b).



12. Financial Risk Management (continued)

ii. Credit risk

The Scheme is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when they fall due. This exposure may arise from cash and cash equivalents and other receivables.

All transactions in listed and quoted securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using the Custodian. The risk of default is low, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the Custodian has received payment. No impairment was made at 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: \$Nil).

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

There was not considered to be any significant credit risk associated with cash and cash equivalents as all amounts are represented by deposits with Australian ADIs or international equivalent institutions. The Scheme did not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group receivables under financial instruments entered in by the Scheme.

In accordance with the Compliance policies and Plan, the Responsible Entity monitors the Scheme's credit position daily and reports to the Board and the Compliance Committee regularly.

The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at balance date to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount, net of any allowance for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements.

iii. Liquidity risk

The Scheme manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate cash levels are maintained. The Scheme did not have any borrowings as at 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: \$Nil). The Scheme was not unitised and therefore members have redemptions paid wholly in cash. Majority of the Scheme's assets are quoted securities and Bitcoin and are regarded as readily realisable because they are quoted/listed on the ASX or an appropriate liquid market in regard to Bitcoin. Units in the Property Funds are subject to the liquidity risk inherent in real property assets. If the Property Funds are required to realise property assets, there is a risk that they may be unable to do so within a short timeframe or may be forced to realise assets at amounts below their recorded values. The Responsible Entity manages this risk by maintaining a minimum level of cash and cash equivalents relative to the total assets of the Funds.

iv. Fair Values Estimation

The carrying amounts of all the Scheme's financial assets and financial liabilities at the balance date approximated their fair values, as all financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value are short-term in nature.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the balance date.

v. Fair Values Hierarchy

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level in the fair value measurement hierarchy as follows: The scheme measures fair value using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:



12. Financial Risk Management (continued)

- Level 1: Quoted price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). The category includes instruments valued using quoted prices in active markets for similar instruments, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques for which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant observable inputs. The category includes all instruments for which the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments for which significant unobservable adjustments are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

All balance sheet items are held at fair value and are measured at Level 1 (quoted price) except for Raiz Residential Property Fund and Raiz Property Fund which were measured at Level 2 (observable inputs) in the fair value measurement hierarchy.

| | | Fair value | |
|--|---------------|------------|---------------|
| For the year ended 30 June 2025 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Total |
| Assets | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| - ETFs quoted & Stocks listed on the ASX | 1,770,804,720 | - | 1,770,804,720 |
| - Raiz Property Fund | - | 8,817,457 | 8,817,457 |
| - Raiz Residential Property Fund | - | 20,780,348 | 20,780,348 |
| | | Fair value | |
| For the year ended 30 June 2024 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Total |
| Assets | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| - ETFs quoted & Stocks listed on the ASX | 1,356,627,539 | - | 1,356,627,539 |
| - Raiz Property Fund | - | 7,102,678 | 7,102,678 |
| - Raiz Residential Property Fund | - | 20,377,751 | 20,377,751 |

There were no transfers between the levels during the financial year.

Listed equities have inputs based on quoted market prices in active markets and are classified within level 1.

Investments in Raiz Property Fund and Raiz Residential Property Fund have inputs other than prices included within Level 1 that are observable for asset or liability, either directly or indirectly and are classified within level 2.

The Scheme does not hold level 3 investments.

b. Sensitivity Analysis

Market Price Risk:

The Scheme has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure market price risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and net assets distributed to members which could result from a change in the market risk.



12. Financial Risk Management (continued)

Market Price Sensitivity Analysis:

At 30 June 2025, the effect on profit and net assets as a result of 5% increase or decrease in the market price of investments, with all other variables remaining constant, would be \$90 million (30 June 2024: \$69 million).

Foreign Exchange Rate Sensitivity Analysis:

The Scheme undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currency and is exposed to foreign currency risk through foreign exchange rate fluctuations. The Scheme is exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies because some of the Financial Assets and Inventory of the Scheme are exposed to foreign exchange risk.

Bitcoin Risk:

At 30 June 2025, the Scheme held Bitcoin representing 1% of its total assets, with a spot price of A\$162,830. Bitcoin carries a lot of risk, not just market and price risk, with the possibility that sometime in the future Bitcoin may have no value. The historic volatility of Bitcoin, at 85.5% p.a., is significantly higher than financial assets like ETFs and Stocks.

13. Capital Management

The Responsible Entity managed the net assets of the Scheme attributable to members as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to portfolio holders are classified as a liability, to ensure that the Scheme can fund its operations and continue as a going concern.

The Scheme's capital includes financial liabilities, supported by financial assets.

There are no externally imposed capital requirements.

There have been no changes in the strategy adopted by management to control the capital of the Scheme.

The Scheme had no debt, therefore the gearing ratio is nil at balance sheet date.

14. Events Occurring after the Reporting Period

On 1 August 2025, Raiz announced the launch of Raiz Lite along with a revised fee schedule. The first fees under the new structure will be charged on 1 September 2025. Further details are provided in the <u>ASX announcement</u> dated 1 August 2025.

On 2 September 2025, Kelly Humphreys, Jon Brett and Paul Rogan resigned as directors of the Responsible Entity. On the same date, Farhaana Desai and Alex Gao were appointed as directors.

No other significant events have arisen since the end of the reporting period that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of Raiz Invest Australia Fund, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of Raiz Invest Australia Fund in subsequent financial years.

15. Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: \$Nil).



Directors' Declaration

For the year ended 30 June 2025

The directors of Instreet Investment Limited, the Responsible Entity of Raiz Invest Australia Fund declare that:

- 1. The financial statements, comprising the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of cash flows, and accompanying notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - a. Comply with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - b. Give a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
- 2. The Scheme has included an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in Note 2 to the financial statements.
- 3. In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Scheme will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of Instreet Investment Limited pursuant to 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

Brendan Barry Malone

Managing Director

Sydney

26 September 2025



Tel: +61 2 9251 4100

Parkline Place Level 25, 252 Pitt Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Raiz Invest Australia Fund

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Raiz Invest Australia Fund (the Scheme), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including material accounting policy information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of Raiz Invest Australia Fund, is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- Giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its (i) financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Responsible Entity, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the Directors' Report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

BDO Audit Pty Ltd ABN 33 134 022 870 is a member of a national association of independent entities which are all members of BDO International Ltd, a UK company limited by guarantee, and form part of the international BDO network of independent member firms. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.



Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors of the Responsible Entity for the Financial Report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Scheme or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx) at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

BDO

Jeshan Velupillai

Jeshan Velupillai

Director

Sydney, 26 September 2025



